

Material Safety Data Sheet

beth minardi
SIGNATURE[®]

Beth Minardi Signature Permanent Crème Color (all shades)

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Beth Minardi Signature Permanent Crème Color (all shades)
Manufacturer	: Signature Beauty, LLC 350 Camino Gardens Blvd, Suite 200 Boca Raton, FL 33435 info@personalbrands.co
Validation date	: 2/27/2013.
<u>In case of emergency</u>	: (800) 584-8038 [24 Hours]
<u>Telephone number</u>	: (855) 426-7765
<u>Transportation Emergency</u>	: Contact: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 [US/Canada 24 Hours]
Product type	: Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Color	: Off-white.
Odor	: Fragrance-like.
Hazard statements	: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
Precautionary measures	: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed.
Skin	: Severely irritating to the skin.
Eyes	: Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects	: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.
---	--

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients**United States**

Name	CAS number	%
hexadecan-1-ol	36653-82-4	4.25
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	3.00
(Z)-octadec-9-enol	143-28-2	2.00
stearic acid	57-11-4	2.00
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	9005-00-9	1.70
glycerol 1-stearate	123-94-4	1.50
ammonia	1336-21-6	1.40
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1.25

Canada

Name	CAS number	%
hexadecan-1-ol	36653-82-4	4.25
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	3.00
(Z)-octadec-9-enol	143-28-2	2.00
stearic acid	57-11-4	2.00
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	9005-00-9	1.70
glycerol 1-stearate	123-94-4	1.50
ammonia	1336-21-6	1.40
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1.25
p-phenylenediamine	106-50-3	0.13

Mexico

Name	CAS number	UN number	%	IDLH	Classification			
					H	F	R	Special
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	9005-00-9	Not available.	1.70	-	2	0	0	-
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	Not available.	3.00	-	2	1	0	-
hexadecan-1-ol	36653-82-4	Not available.	4.25	-	2	0	0	-
stearic acid	57-11-4	Not available.	2.00	-	2	1	0	-
(Z)-octadec-9-enol	143-28-2	Not available.	2.00	-	2	0	0	-
ammonia	1336-21-6	UN3287	1.40	-	2	0	0	-
glycerol 1-stearate	123-94-4	Not available.	1.50	-	0	0	0	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Not available.	1.25	2500 mg/m ³	0	1	0	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
propane-1,2-diol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).
glycerol 1-stearate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total particulate mass
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hour(s). Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			Notations
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	
propane-1,2-diol	ON 7/2010	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
		50	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
stearic acid	US AIHA 10/2011	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	ON 7/2010	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
p-phenylenediamine	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
	AB 4/2009	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
	BC 9/2011	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
	ON 7/2010	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
glycerol 1-stearate	QC 9/2011	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1][3]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	AB 4/2009	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
	BC 9/2011	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[3]
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ON 7/2010	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
	BC 9/2011	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	ON 7/2010	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[e]
	QC 9/2011	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[e]

[1]Absorbed through skin. [3]Skin sensitization

Form: [a]Aerosol only. [b]Vapour and aerosol. [c]Total particulate mass [d]Inhalable fraction [e]mist

Mexico

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	Exposure limits

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

glycerol 1-stearate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total particulate mass NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: mist LMPE-CT: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). Form: mist
White mineral oil (petroleum)	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Other protection** : Not available.

9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: Not applicable.
- Color** : Off-white.
- Odor** : Fragrance-like.
- pH** : 9.7
- Relative density** : 0.98

10. Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

10. Stability and reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information**United States****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose	Exposure
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Oral	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	20 g/kg	-
hexadecan-1-ol stearic acid	LD50 Oral	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	4600 mg/kg	-
White mineral oil (petroleum) ammonia	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	350 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Exposure	Observation
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated propane-1,2-diol	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	48 hours 20 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	96 hours 30 Percent continuous	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	168 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	72 hours 104 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	96 hours 30 Percent	-
hexadecan-1-ol	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	82 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	0.2 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	48 hours 50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 2600 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	stearic acid	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75 milligrams Intermittent
Skin - Moderate irritant		-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

11. Toxicological information

(Z)-octadec-9-enol	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
ammonia	Eyes - Severe irritant	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No carcinogenic effect.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
glycerol 1-stearate	A4	-	-	-	-	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	A4	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Canada**Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose	Exposure
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	1900 mg/kg	-
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	20 g/kg	-
hexadecan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	5 g/kg	-
stearic acid	LD50 Dermal	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	4600 mg/kg	-
ammonia	LD50 Oral	350 mg/kg	-
p-phenylenediamine	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	920 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	80 mg/kg	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Exposure	Observation

11. Toxicological information

Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	48 hours 20	-
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	100	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	milligrams	-
		-	96 hours 30	-
		-	Percent	-
		-	continuous	-
		-	168 hours 500	-
hexadecan-1-ol	Skin - Mild irritant	-	milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	72 hours 104	-
		-	milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	Intermittent	-
		-	96 hours 30	-
		-	Percent	-
		-	82 milligrams	-
		-	100 Percent	-
		-	24 hours 100	-
		-	milligrams	-
		-	72 hours 75	-
		-	milligrams	-
		-	Intermittent	-
	-	0.2 Percent	-	
	-	48 hours 50	-	
	-	milligrams	-	
	-	24 hours 100	-	
	-	milligrams	-	
	-	24 hours 2600	-	
	-	milligrams	-	
	-	24 hours 100	-	
	-	milligrams	-	
stearic acid	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	Intermittent	-
	-	-	24 hours 500	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
(Z)-octadec-9-enol	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 100	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	24 hours 100	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	72 hours 75	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	Intermittent	-
	-	-	24 hours 100	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	24 hours 500	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	24 hours 100	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
ammonia	Eyes - Severe irritant	-	250	-
	-	-	Micrograms	-
	-	-	0.5 minutes 1	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
p-phenylenediamine	Skin - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 250	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	24 hours 250	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	24 hours 250	-
	-	-	milligrams	-
	-	-	24 hours 250	-
	-	-	milligrams	-

11. Toxicological information

	Skin - Mild irritant	-	milligrams 24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	milligrams 24 hours 12500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	Micrograms 24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	milligrams 1 Percent	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
glycerol 1-stearate	A4	-	-	-	-	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	A4	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mexico**Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose	Exposure
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Oral	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	20 g/kg	-
hexadecan-1-ol stearic acid	LD50 Oral	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	4600 mg/kg	-
ammonia	LD50 Oral	350 mg/kg	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Exposure	Observation
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated propane-1,2-diol	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	48 hours 20 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	96 hours 30 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	continuous 168 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	72 hours 104 milligrams Intermittent	-

11. Toxicological information

hexadecan-1-ol	Skin - Mild irritant	-	96 hours 30 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	82 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	0.2 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	48 hours 50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 2600 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
stearic acid	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
(Z)-octadec-9-enol	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	72 hours 75 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
ammonia	Skin - Severe irritant	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
glycerol 1-stearate	A4	-	-	-	-	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	A4	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

THE FOLLOWING DATA IN THIS SECTION IS SOURCED FROM PUBLICLY AVAILABLE DATABASES AND NOT THE REPRESENTATION OF ANY DATA COLLECTED BY ZOTOS INTERNATIONAL OR ITS AFFILIATES.

Ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

United States

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
ammonia	Acute LC50 15000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Canada

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
ammonia	Acute LC50 15000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mexico

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
ammonia	Acute LC50 15000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

13. Disposal considerations

safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Toxic material
Irritating material
Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA : Exempt

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: ammonia, anhydrous

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: ammonia, anhydrous

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: ammonia, anhydrous; stearic acid; propane-1,2-diol

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:
ammonia, anhydrous: Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard;
stearic acid: Immediate (acute) health hazard; propane-1,2-diol: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: ammonia, anhydrous; Phosphoric acid; resorcinol

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: ammonia, anhydrous

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

15. Regulatory information

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	ammonia	1336-21-6	1.40
Supplier notification	ammonia	1336-21-6	1.40

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: AMMONIA

New York : The following components are listed: Ammonia

New Jersey : The following components are listed: PROPYLENE GLYCOL; 1,2-PROPANEDIOL; MINERAL OIL (UNTREATED and MILDLY TREATED); AMMONIA

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: 1,2-PROPANEDIOL; AMMONIA

California Prop. 65

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. This product is not known to the State of California to cause cancer.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : Not determined.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
Class E: Corrosive material

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: White mineral oil; Ammonia (total)

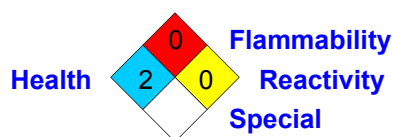
CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification :

**International regulations**

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals : Not listed

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	2
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of printing : 2/27/2013.
Date of issue : 2/27/2013.
Date of previous issue : No previous validation.
Version : 0.01
Prepared by : Regulatory Affairs Group

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

This SDS is intended to provide a brief summary of our knowledge and guidance regarding the use of this Product. The information contained here has been compiled from sources considered by Signature Beauty LLC. to be dependable and is accurate to the best of the Company's knowledge. It is not meant to be an all-inclusive document on worldwide hazard communication regulations.

This information is offered in good faith. Each user of this material needs to evaluate the conditions of use and design the appropriate protective mechanisms to prevent employee exposures, property damage or release to the environment. Signature Beauty LLC. assumed no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons, or for any damage to any property resulting from misuse of the product.